Year 1 - 6

Calculation Policy Addition and Subtraction

#MathsEveryoneCan

White

R_@se Maths





















Place value counters and plain counters on a place value grid are the most effective manipulatives when adding decimals with 1, 2 and then 3

Ensure children have experience of adding decimals with a variety of decimal places. This includes putting this into context when adding money and other

Subtraction















Year: 5/6

Place value counters and plain counters on a place value grid are the most effective manipulative when subtracting decimals with 1, 2 and then 3 decimal places.

Ensure children have experience of subtracting decimals with a variety of decimal places. This includes putting this into context when subtracting money and other measures.

Glossary

Addend - A number to be added to another.

Aggregation - combining two or more quantities or measures to find a total.

Augmentation - increasing a quantity or measure by another quantity.

Commutative – numbers can be added in any order.

Complement – in addition, a number and its complement make a total e.g. 300 is the complement to 700 to make 1,000

Difference – the numerical difference between two numbers is found by comparing the quantity in each group.

Exchange – Change a number or expression for another of an equal value.

Minuend – A quantity or number from which another is subtracted.

Partitioning – Splitting a number into its component parts.

Reduction – Subtraction as take away.

Subitise – Instantly recognise the number of objects in a small group without needing to count.

Subtrahend - A number to be subtracted from another.

Sum - The result of an addition.

Total – The aggregate or the sum found by addition.